THE DAILY GAZETTE.

No. 494. COLORADO SPRINGS, SUNDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1879. Price, Five Cents

TELEGRAPHIC

Ouray Wants Time--Jack's Story.

Belford Interviewed on the Ute Question.

Plausible Talk of the Mormon Delegate.

DeLesseps' Mission to Nicaragua.

Serious Railroad Accident in Missouri.

Quotations of Stock, Wool and Cattle.

COLORADO.

Latest From the Commission.

DENVER, COL., Dec. 6.—A special to the Denver Tribune indicates that the work of the commission investigating the outrages is drawing to a close. Jack was on the stand Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday. He told a story which filled twenty-nine foolscap pages of stenographer's notes, principally concerning the events previous to the massacre and Thornburg's fight, which latter he agreed with Colorow was all an accident. The commission was much pleased with the conduct of Jack at first, as he seemed to tell an honest story, and was believed. He would not hesitate to tell all about the massacre. Care was taken to select a propitious time for the questions which elicited this much desired information. Jack did not answer the question when first propounded, but when the second inquiry was made, brought the commission to a sudden halt by declaring he knew nothing of the massacre. The commission went into a secret session to discuss whether the demand of the surrender of the guilty Utes then and there should be made. Ouray pleaded for more time, saying he would hold Colorow, of the Utes, at his house that night and try to prevail on them to surrender the Utes engaged in the massacre and fight. If he did not do as commanded he would gather all the Uncompahgre Utes at the agency and permit the officers to take their course. Forty-eight hours were granted. When the dispatch bearers left Friday the council at Ouray's house was progressing. No one believes that any of the Utes will be surrendered, and if not, nothing is left but for the military to take the field. However, the commission is still hopeful.

GENERAL NEWS.

Washington Correspondence.

JUDGE BELFORD INTERVIEWS HIMSELF AND GETS IT PUBLISHED.

WASHINGTON, December 6. The Republican to-day published a spicy interview with congressman Belford, of Colorado. After being informed that the Ute reservation embraces twelve million acres in Colorado and is equal to the states of Massachusetts, Vermont, Rhode Island and Delaware, the reporter inquired how many Indians there are in Colorado?

Judge Belford said three thousand all told; and each buck, squaw and papoose, if the land were divided per capita, would receive four thousand acres. The white men in the country can take one hundred and sixty acres, and an Indian four thousand.

Reporter What caused the outbreak in Colorado?

Belford. Agent Meeker plowed two and a half acres out of the twelve millions and the Utes murdered him for doing it.

Reporter—Commissioner of Indian affairs says in his report that the miners have made settlements on the Ute reservations.

Belford—That is not true. The statement is wholly without foundation and I am surprised that the commissioner should have made it.

Reporter Have the people of Colorado given the Utes any occasion for the late outbreak?

Belford—None whatever. Mr. Schurz himself says the Indians were without excuse.

Reporter If the Indians are not removed will there be trouble next spring?

Belford I think so. The reservation embraces valuable mineral land. The Indians will not work it nor allow any one else to do so. No government ever before allowed a lazy race to stand in the way of the development of its mineral resources and I don't think this nation will long continue.

In the course of further conversation as to the policy the government should pursue toward the Indians, Judge Belford expressed himself earnestly in favor of transferring the control of the Indian affairs to the war department, and remarked, "We appropriate millions of dollars for their support; If we feed them there is no occasion for their hunting and they should be disarmed. If they desire to hunt for pleasure they can use the bow and arrow. Now they kill game in Colorado for the sake of the wealth and trade. The skins are exchanged for Sharps rifles and with them they kill the settler."

THE MORMON QUESTION.

The Star publishes an interview with Delegate Cannon which contains the following very shrewd, double-edged rejoinder to the question, What would be the politics of Utah if it became a state? Cannon is reported as saying it would be a democratic state. I am satisfied from my own observation that the feelings of the people are in accord with the principles of the democracy. They believe in the home rule. I cannot say, however, what would be the effect should Utah be admitted by the republicans. Then it might be a republican state. A feeling of gratitude to the party that let us into the Union would no doubt influence a very large number who are not very decided in their political views.

Delegate Cannon is also reported as saying there are about one hundred and fifty thousand Mormons altogether of whom about thirty thousand are men and not more than four thousand of these have a plurality of wives. It is over this small number that all this fuss is made. While the Mormons believe in polygamy, they believe that it was a revelation of God. They are not going to violate the law of the country by practising it. None of us intend to violate the law of 1862, but there is no law to forbid faith in our principles. There is no inducement that could be offered that would lead the Mormons to abandon their faith. We will cherish our belief, but as we said we will not practice it because that would be a violation of law.

HARBOR AND RIVER BILL.

Representative Page to-day requested the engineer's department to order a resurvey of the San Joaquin river and submit an estimate to congress at this session for its improvement, with a view to obtaining an appropriation for that purpose. No estimate for the San Joaquin river has been submitted by the department this year and without one it is practically impossible, under the rules of the house, to obtain any appropriation for a harbor and river improvement.

REWARD FOR CAPTAIN DODGE.

Secretary McCrary has found a way to reward the heroic conduct of Captain Dodge, of the Ninth Cavalry, who, with his company of colored soldiers, so gallantly went to the rescue of Captain Payne's beleaguered command, at great risk of annihilation by the Ute Indians. Colonel Prince, of the pay corps, will soon go upon the retired list, and Captain Dodge is to be appointed Major and Paymaster, to fill the vacancy which will be created by the resulting promotion.

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON ELECTIONS.

The sub committee of the house committee Ainfield, Belthhoover and Keifer held their first meeting this morning with every member in attendance. A request was received from Washburne the sitting member from the third Minnesota District that a hearing in his case be postponed till after the holidays. Donnelly, contestant, is in the city. The case of Bisbee vs. Hall, in the second Florida district, will be taken up Thursday next and oral argument heard.

Serious Railroad Accident.

CHICAGO, December 6. A dispatch from Glasgow, Missouri, says that the Chicago & Alton Denver passenger and express, west bound, due here at 5:10 this morning, jumped the track while running at a rapid rate, making a frightful wreck of the engine. It turned completely over, rolling down a five foot embankment, and is badly damaged. The baggage car ran on down the track. The express car was crushed against the engine, and five other cars were thrown off the track, none, however, being overturned. Three coaches, including the sleeper, kept the track. The express and baggage cars and engine are almost totally demolished. The engineer, Peck, was bruised, but not seriously. The fireman, Harry Lammartaha, was terribly scalded, and his recovery is doubtful. The express messenger, Harry Brown, is seriously bruised and scalded. None of the passengers were injured. The cause was a broken rail at the switch.

Henry Ward Beecher on Charity.

NEW YORK, December 6. Henry Ward Beecher, in his church lecture yesterday evening, referred feelingly to the case of Gilman, the forger, who was pardoned a few days ago, just in time to attend the funeral of his wife. "And now his life is before him, in a christian land and christian city. Will it be permitted to him to restore himself? Can he get back again? I will not say without a scar; but can he stand again, and be permitted to take care of his two little boys, and receive christian sympathy and fellowship? That is the question. None that believe and are protected by the law find it the most difficult thing in the world to give sympathy to a man who has broken the law, and that, too, after two thousand years of the example of Christ. There will be in this case an opportunity of showing how, if a christian man under temptation stumbles and falls, there is the grace of God left to lift up the fallen man, and restore him to strength and usefulness.

New York Stock Market.

NEW YOR December 6.—Stock speculation to-day somewhat weak, in the early dealings but the day advanced strong and buoyant and early purchases a natural advance in established. The most conspicuous nfacture ovements were the coal shares, an Oil, Du rt, Kansas & Texas, Erie, Weste Louis and San Francisco and G The upward movement was a s which were generally accep lor r clique had been dissolved an ners thereof were large buyer Final dealings were at the the day except for Western Union ing and cal 1¼ and 2 per cent. The the best of w was in St. Joe and Topeka rail een St. Joe and Atchison. give satisfact rchased for Jay Gould and nnection of the Missouri P not be U

Markets.

GRAIN.

CHICAGO, December 6.—The grain and provision market have been exciting and irregular, until to-day, when they were steadier and provisions were lower. Grains have maintained their strength and shorts have been pushed hard by the persistent bulls of Wall street. Those manipulations have received hearty encouragement from the continued demand in Europe and stiffening prices in all directions. The comparatively small influx of grain is also an argument used with considerable effect by holders and purchasers. The total receipt of grain for the week have been considerably short of those for the same week in 1878, although prices are much higher now than then.

CHICAGO, December 6.—Wheat, steady and firm; No. 2 red winter, $1.27½; No. 2 spring, $1.25¾. Bid, cash, $1.27; January, $1.08½, February No. 3, $1.11¼; No. 4, 95@96½.

Corn, steady and easier at 40⅞@41; cash, 41@41⅛; January, 16¼@48.

February oats, strong and higher at 34¼@43; cash, 36¼@38; January, 39.

May rye, 77.

Barley, 90@94.

PROVISIONS.

Provisions, comparatively steady. Pork, 13½; cash, 13¾; January, 95.

February lard, 77; cash, 80; January, 92½.

STOCK.

Cattle, receipts, 2,600; shipments, 2,300; generally firm, and fairly active. Shipping, $3.50@$4.80; feeders and stockers, steady; some Oregon slurs sold at 3⅛; butchers, stronger but no higher; cows, $.00@$2.09; bulls, $2.00@$3 60; Texans, $2.40@$2.80.

Sheep, receipts and shipments none; steady, with a few sales, at $2.60@$3.75.

WOOL.

BOSTON, December 6.—The wool trade was comparatively quiet during the past week. There was a wide falling off in demand but the tone of the market was quite firm and for medium fleece, combing selections and pulled wools very extra prices were obtained. Holders were very confident and indifferent about selling. The sales of the week comprising 61,730 bales, fall and spring, at from 21 to 33 for the former and 28 to 37 for the latter. The total sales of the week were 1,618,400 pounds of domestic and 510,000 pounds of foreign.

Quotations of Stock.

NEW YORK, December 5.—Silver bars, 114½ coin, from ¼ to ½ per cent, discount; money easy 5@6; governments strong; stocks closed strong and buoyant; W. U., 107½; Quicksilver, 20½; Pacific Mail, 31½; Mariposa, 3; Wells, Fargo & Co., 104; New York Central, 128½, Erie, 40⅝; Panama, 161; Union Pacific, 86; Bonds, 110½; Central Pacific, 111; Sutro Tunnel, 4½; Leadville, 3¼; Caribou, 5¼.

A Noteworthy Dinner.

CHICAGO, December 6.—The commercial club, an organization composed of the principal business men of Chicago, gave their annual banquet at the Grand Pacific Hotel. It was an unusually noteworthy affair, on account of the large number of distinguished guests from abroad. Among the number were General Grant, Hon. J. B. Long, governor elect of Massachusetts, and Hon. Alex H. Rice, ex-governor of Massachusetts, J. W. Candler, president of the Boston board of trade and president of the Boston commercial club; F. W. Lincoln, ex mayor of Boston and various other gentlemen identified with the commercial clubs and with the commercial interests of Boston. Also H. Wilson Brown, president of the Cincinnati chamber of commerce, Ezor Willard, president of the Omaha chamber of commerce, E. O. Stannard, ex governor of Missouri, Alfred Russel of Detroit, R. Donahue of Burlington, Hon. J. H. Wilson of Iowa, and many others. General Sheridan, Judge Drummond, E. B. Washburne, L. B. Blackstone and Colonel Fred Grant from Chicago were among the guests. Dinner began about 5 o'clock and was most superb in every appointment and feature.

In Honor of a Bishop.

PROVIDENCE, December 6. The twenty-fifth anniversary of the consecration of Bishop Thos. M. Clark of the Protestant Episcopal diocese was commemorated by public exercises, in the Grace church which was filled. The te deum was sung, a congratulatory address to the bishop in behalf of the diocese was presented by Rev. Spencer. The bishop made a feeling response. Contributions of various parishes were presented, raising the permanent Episcopal fund from $48,000 to $60,000. The exercises closed with the celebration of the holy communion.

Virginia Election.

RICHMOND, Dec. 6.—The general assembly has fixed Tuesday next for the election of state officers. The readjusters hold a caucus Monday night. The nomination is remarked as equivalent to an election

Lottery Scamps Arrested.

NEW YORK, Dec. 6.—This afternoon thirteen participants in the management of the office of the Louisiana state lottery company were arrested. The books, tickets and other property of the business was seized.

Bids for Bonds.

NEW YORK, December 6. At the treasury opening of proposals to sell $1,000,000 of 6's of 1881 to the government for the sinking fund were five proposals submitted, aggregating $1,470,000 at prices ranging from 10635 to 1,0687.

The secretary of the treasury telegraphs this evening to accept all bonds offered for sinking fund at 1.0635. This makes a purchase of $200,000. There has been sent in $5,000 more at the same price.

Three Children Burned.

NEW YORK, December 6.—One of the small pavilions of the Bellevue hospital containing twenty three persons was burned to-night and three patients, children, were burned to death. The others were saved. There was not very much excitement at the hospital.

Lincoln Emancipation Group.

BOSTON, Dec. 6.—As the clock struck one to-day the enveloping wrappings of the Lincoln emancipation group were stripped away by the representatives of the city government and then they returned to Faneuil hall, where the dedication services were held. Chief of these were Whittier's poem, written for the occasion, and an address by the mayor. The poem was read by a colored boy of one of the Boston schools, name, Andrew Chamberlain.

Grant's Visit to New York.

NEW YORK, December 5 A letter from General Grant to the New York legislation committee announces that he will visit New York on the 29th of December, unless in the meantime he accepts the pending invitation to go to Havana, via Key West, starting south about the 26th inst. In the latter case, he will not visit New York until his return next spring.

Missing.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., December 6. Max Maretzek, manager and director of the Maretzek opera company, now performing at the Grand opera house in this city has been missing since Thursday morning.

Heavy Business in Provisions in Chicago.

CHICAGO, December 6. The sales of provisions this week were unprecedented; being 806,000 barrels of mess pork, 425,000 tierces of lard, 35,000,000 pounds of meats equal to 335,000,000 pounds of produce valued at $23,000,000.

FOREIGN.

News from Mexico.

CITY OF MEXICO, November 29.—George Crowley, the distinguished engineer and London railway constructor, was killed on board a New York packet off Frontera by being accidentally thrown into the hold.

Tagle and Gonseales have resigned their positions in the cabinet because of political scruples, not wishing to appear to influence the presidential election. The presiding officer, elected by the senate, is a Gonseales man, while the presiding officer of the house favors Vallart. Gen. Pacheco, the new minister of war, is supposed to be Diaz' dark horse in the presidential race. Benitez is about being dropped. Some papers say that the vulgarity and low intrigue of the candidates who have imposed themselves upon the public has lured the best of the people to ward Senor Vallart.

Peace has been restored in Durango. The revolutionary chief Carlos Aipla has surrendered, and his bands have been dispersed.

De Lesseps' Mission.

NEW YORK, December 6.—The Herald says that according to a letter, Viscount De Lesseps will sail to day from Havre for the Isthmus of Panama, accompanied by a commission of distinguished engineers from France and Holland, who are to be joined by American and Colombian colleagues. They have been provided with a brigade of practical workmen, provided with the necessary implements and a programme of their observations has been drawn up by the committee of the French Academy of Science, containing among its members the great names of J. B. Dumas, Fye, Quatre, Foges, and Becquerel. The government of Colombia has issued a decree directing that the members of the cabinet proceed to the Isthmus, accompanied by a representative of each of the nine states of which that republic is composed, for the purpose of affording to De Lesseps a memorable reception, and of participating in the inauguration of the work which has been held for the first of January next. The world will now speedily have an opportunity of forming an opinion of the character of this enterprise, and the probability of its success. In the United States, as is well known to De Lesseps, the current of public opinion has long favored another route than that of Nicaragua, which is being actively urged by Admiral Ammen, and which counts upon the active sympathy if not the actual services of Grant.

President Grevy Should Take the Floor.

LONDON, December 6. A Paris correspondent telegraphs that President Grevy alone at present has the authority required to group the forces of the liberal party and prevent its elements from breaking up in confusion. All impartial observers have for some time remarked this and have been sorry to see President Grevy assume a silence which will soon be looked upon as weak and almost a neglect of duty. It is time for President Grevy to speak out and indicate to the nation the sure path of peaceful progress.

Analysis of the Vote Supporting the French Cabinet.

PARIS, December 6.—The ministerial majority of 221 yesterday consisted of 37 members of the left center, the entire group of 152 extreme left, and 32 others. On Gambetta's left Boisson is among those lost. The ministry 97 comprised 66 Bonapartists, 29 royalists and 8 radicals. It seems the advanced republicans were beginning to vote against the cabinet when they perceived that a portion of the right were doing, whereupon they cancelled their votes, not wishing to defeat the cabinet by coalition with the reactionaries.

Irish Agitation.

CASTLEBAR, December 6. On the removal of Thomas Freeman to the prison from the court house last night, a great crowd with blazing tar barrels followed the car in which he was conveyed, cheering the prisoner and hooting at the police. The crowd stopped the car but as it was well guarded no rescue was attempted. Subsequently the police by order of the magistrate seized the tar barrels and the crowd dispersed precipitately. There is great excitement at Castlebar and in the neighborhood.

The Italian Budget.

ROME, December 6.—The amended budget for the year 1880 has been presented to the Chambers. It shows retrenchment in expenditure amounting to 8,000,000 livres and a surplus revenue of 15,000,000 livres over the original estimates.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Judge James M. Edmunds, postmaster of Washington, is dying of disease of the kidney.

The steamship Brittanica from Europe yesterday brought $1,200,000 and the steamer Doran brought $970,000 in American coin and British gold bars to New York.

FOREIGN NOTES.

William John Scott, fifth duke of Portland, is dead.

Sir William Boxall, painter and ex-director of the royal academy, is dead; age, 79.

The Gaulois states the ex-Empress Eugenie will proceed direct from Spain to Zululand.

It is officially announced that Prince Gortschakoff, will resume the direction of Russian foreign office.

The new French Atlantic cable landed at Big Lorraine two miles east of Louisburg, Cape Breton, yesterday.

A collision occurred yesterday on the eastern railroad line, England, near Bondy during a heavy snow storm. Ten persons were killed and nine injured.

A Berlin correspondent states the last St. Petersburg newspapers received there contain no articles on the attempt on the czar's life, as they have not received permission to publish them.

Another contingent of 1,900 soldiers left Spain yesterday for Cuba. The cabinet council yesterday discussed the bill relative to the reform in the financial administration of Cuba, which it is believed will be presented in the cortes before Christmas

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE. Residence lots and business lots in well selected locations, on all principal streets.

Improved ten acre tract adjoining town, with house, barn, etc., under ditch. One and two acre tracts, suitable for gardening purposes; under ditch.

Six room house on Wahsatch avenue.
Five room house on Wahsatch avenue.
Six room house on Nevada avenue.
Five room house on Huerfano street.
Seven room house on North Weber street.
Six room house on North Weber street.
Six room brick house on Huerfano street.
One store property on South Tejon street.
One store property on North Tejon street.
Six room brick house on Kiowa street.

Also, elegant residence at Manitou, either furnished or unfurnished.

Apply to Chas. Hallowell, real estate agent North Tejon street. 12 6 tf

FOR SALE. Lot 50 x 114 feet, on southeast corner Pike's Peak and Nevada avenues, with half interest in stable, and lot 27 x 90 feet in rear. Cheap, if sold soon. Apply to M. L. DeCoursey, real estate agent. 12 4 4

FOR SALE. Very desirable corner lots on North Cascade avenue, Tejon street, Nevada avenue, Weber street and Wasatch avenue.

Lots in north and south part of town, for $50@$200; very cheap.

Improved five acre tract in town, with house, stable, fruit trees; all fenced; very cheap.

Six roomed house on West Cucharas street.
Seven roomed house on Nevada avenue.
Eight roomed house on North Weber street.
Ten roomed house on Huerfano street.
Six roomed house on Huerfano street.
Eight roomed house on Nevada avenue.
Eight roomed house on North Cascade ave.
Six roomed house on North Tejon street.
Two very desirable houses on Wahsatch avenue close to Pike's Peak avenue.

Apply to M. L. DeCoursey, real estate agent. 12 2 tf

FOR SALE.—A good light spring wagon of the Bain manufacture, and set of double harness, made to order; both in first rate condition. Price, $125. Address GAZETTE office, or Box 67, Post Office. 12 7 tf

FOR SALE.—A new phaeton.
12 5 tf PINLEY & WEBSTER.

FOR SALE CHEAP.—A phaeton and a number of ponies for riding and driving. Can be seen on the premises of Mrs. G. D. Phelps, last house on North Weber street. Also a good pasture for rent. Can be leased for six months or a year. 12 4 tf

FOR SALE.—The blacksmith shop, forges, and tools at the R. M. T. Co.'s corral, near freight depot. Apply to undersigned at Colorado Springs Hotel December 16th.
12 3 15* SAM'L C. SMALL.

FOR SALE. Six hundred cedar posts. Inquire of I. N. Payne, at A. D. Craigue's. 11 18 tf

FOR SALE On North Weber street. An eight roomed two storied house. Apply at GAZETTE office. 11 4 tf

CASCADE VILLAS FOR SALE.—Comprising two houses of eight rooms each and two houses of ten rooms each and three lots, on Cascade avenue. For particulars, terms, &c., apply to Chas. Hallowell, real estate agent, Colorado Springs. 10 8 tf

FOR SALE Story and a half house, containing eight rooms, pantry and closet. Lot 100x190. Barn and stables on lot. Desirable location. Terms easy. Enquire of Mrs. Lewis Hager. 2-15 tf

FOR RENT FURNISHED. One of the neatest five roomed cottages in the city. Located on North Weber street.

FOR RENT FURNISHED. A four roomed cottage on North Nevada avenue.

FOR SALE.—A four roomed frame cottage on South Tejon street; 50 x 190 feet lot. House rents for $15.00 per month. Price $750.00.

FOR SALE. A five roomed cottage on Moreno street, and two five roomed houses on South Nevada avenue. A good bargain in these, if sold soon.

MONEY TO LOAN. At low rates of interest on approved real estate security.
A. L. LAWTON.
Real Estate, Loan & Insurance Agent,
11 27 tf Huerfano Street.

AT THE
Chicago Hide House!
You can get the highest market price in
CASH
for
HIDES,
PELTS,
TALLOW,
FURS, ETC.
C. R. McBRIDE, Agt.
West Huerfano Street 12 13 tf

Denver & Rio Grande Railway Extensions.

PROPOSALS.

For Grading.

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO, October 31, 1879.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the undersigned until noon, December 10, 1879, for the grading of the New Mexico Extension of the Denver and Rio Grande Railway from a point near the town of Conejos to the crossing of the Rio Grande river near Cieneguilla, a distance of about 57 miles. The profile, specifications, and form of bid can be seen at the office of J. A. McMurtrie, Chief Engineer, South Pueblo, Colorado, on and after November 30, 1879. Payments to be made monthly in cash on the estimate of the engineer in charge of the work, and within twenty days after the close of each month. Contractors are requested to examine the line before bidding. A suitable indemnifying bond will be required in each case.
R. F. WEITBREC, Treasurer.

WOOD! WOOD!

I have just opened a Wood Yard, where I have constantly on hand all kinds of Wood, Pitch Pine, etc., for fuel purposes. I will deliver to any part of the city.
J. C. TAYLOR,
South Side Huerfano Street, near Cascade avenue.
11-20-1m

REMOVED!

I have removed my wagon business from the old stand into Phil. Mosser's blacksmith shop. I will be pleased to attend to the orders of all my old customers and any new ones who want good work.
REPAIRING NEATLY DONE!
J. J. PHELAN,
11-26-1m West Huerfano Street.

DO YOU WANT YOUR HORSES WINTERED!

In good large roomy box stalls, plenty of feed and care, and moderate charges! Also exercised if desired. If so, apply to B. L. TERRY, at the Driving Park, or to post office box No. 543, Colorado Springs, Colorado.
November 8, 1879. 11-12-1m

REAL ESTATE AND INTELLIGENCE OFFICE.

Property bought and sold. Money to loan on personal property. For sale, vacant houses, and lots, also, in all parts of town. For rent, rooms either furnished or unfurnished. I have employment for girls in private families. Registration fee, fifty cents; fee for an employer, one dollar. I use no influence to induce girls to change from place to place.
J. S. MACKEY.
Office with T. A. McMorris, Room 2, over Robinson's drug store.

COLORADO SPRINGS
MATTRESS FACTORY.

All kinds of upholstering, repairing and cabinet work done at lowest prices. Call at shop opposite National Hotel on south Tejon street. Orders left for upholstering at S. B. Westerfield's and W. W. Roller's, will receive prompt attention. LOUIS L. RUMPF.
11 4

Stoves & Tin-Ware!

General Jobbing in Tin, Sheet Iron, and Copper Ware.
W. C. STARK,
HUERFANO STREET, COLORADO SPRINGS.
8 29 3m

W. F. TILTON,
DEALER IN
Queensware,
Glassware,
CHANDELIERS, LAMPS, SILVER PLATED WARE, ETC.
NORTH SIDE PIKE'S PEAK AVENUE

A Competent Gunsmith.
WM. CONVERSE.
An experienced, careful and skillful workman at ANY KIND of mechanical work or repairing.
POSTOFFICE BLOCK. UP STAIRS.

S. F. SESSIONS,
Contractor & Builder.
SHOP in block opposite Post Office. P. O. Box 155.
All work promptly attended to. 4 18 tf

Taken Up.

THERE came to our stable Friday night a large bay horse mule, about sixteen hands high; no brands; both shoulders sore. Owner can have same by proving property and paying charges. 1* SANDERS & AUX.

LOST OR STOLEN.

ONE large bay mare mule, tail shaved, seven or eight years old, letter "P" on neck, and a large bunch back of right fore leg. A liberal reward will be paid if returned to my stable. M. C. WILBUR,
12 5 tf Avenue Stables, Colorado Springs.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE.COM

THE COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE.

DAILY AND WEEKLY.

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WEEKLY—IN ADVANCE.

Per Annum ..... $2.00 | Six Months $1.00
Three Months ..... .50 | One Month ..... .25

ADVERTISING.

Rates made known on application to the office.

JOB WORK.

Facilities for Plain and Fancy Job Printing equal to those of any establishment west of the Missouri river.

The Chaffee boom appears to be laid up for repairs.

People are beginning to realize that if Ouray is no better than a wild beast, he is smarter than some white men.

The retirement of General Frank Hall from the Denver *Times* is very generally regretted. Mr. R. W. Woodbury, the proprietor, will again assume control of the editorial department.

The press has done a good thing during the past week in agitating the Talcott matter. Without this a good deal of testimony tending to clear our innocent fellow-townsman would not have been elicited.

We have yet to see any respectable mention of Hayes' message by the press of the country, the Colorado Springs GAZETTE always excepted. *Pueblo Democrat.*

The high compliment of the *Democrat* is appreciated.

The friends of General Grant want the next republican national convention at Chicago or Saratoga, and they want it as early as possible. Secretary Sherman thinks Cleveland would be a good place, while Senator Blaine prefers Chicago.

Mr. P. B. Groat, general passenger agent of the Kansas Pacific road goes to Europe to induce immigration to this country. He carries a large mass of statistics, and also specimens of our mines and agricultural resources. His visit cannot help doing good for Colorado.

The negroes in Virginia were induced to vote with the readjusters, because the debt was contracted while they were slaves and they had no benefit from it. This simply illustrates the danger of putting the ballot in the hands of ignorant men lacking sound moral views.

The Richmond *State*, speaking of state rights sensibly says, "What the country wants is a rational, reasonable settlement of the question by which the powers of the general government and the rights of the states within the purview of those powers shall be forever fixed."

Secretary Sherman suggests that the senate and house committees on appropriations sit during the recess and examine into the expenditures of the government to see if they can be reduced. As this proposition is made to the opposition party, it cannot be said to have been made for effect. The present administration can afford to have the character of its expenses looked into.

Will the *Times*, *Tribune* and *Republican* apologize to the people of Colorado for assuring them last summer that their party would give us unlimited coinage this winter? *Denver News.*

The republican party has not the power to say whether there shall be unlimited coinage or not. The democrats are in the majority in both houses of congress and it rests with them to say whether a bill providing for the unlimited coinage of silver shall pass or not.

Mr. Buckner's resolution to change the reserves of national banks into coin may prove dangerous. When resumption took place a large number of greenbacks were held by the national banks as reserves and no coin was demanded for them. It was understood these would not be presented for payment. This fact more than any other, gave confidence in the success of resumption. If Mr. Buckner's bill becomes a law, then in case of a financial crisis, the treasury cannot have the co-operation of the national banks.

The Cincinnati *Commercial* brings up this little reminiscence of the late campaign, which is worth remembering and shows who is really most devoted to the republican party. "When Mr. Conkling was invited to Ohio to speak and give the weight of his influence to the republican cause, he flatly refused because and for no other reason known—the republican candidate for governor had been a liberal and a warm friend of the administration of President Hayes. The return for this, after the October election, was that Foster, and many other Ohio speakers, though weary by reason of much labor, cheerfully entered the New York canvass, and contributed according to the measure of their ability to the success of Mr. Cornell and the entire republican ticket."

In theory we admire a public man who speaks out his convictions, and does not try to echo popular sentiments which he knows to be pernicious, but in practice apparently we think such a man a fool. We were led to think of this because of the criticisms made upon the president's message. His message is a calm statement of his opinions in reference to public questions. It happens that these opinions too are in harmony with those of the best men in the country. These opinions are given without any buncombe expressions, or efforts for effect. His language are frank and dignified. Doubtless he was perfectly aware that many of his opinion would not be popular with the majority of his countrymen. But this message was supposed to give his own convictions, and not express popular sentiment. In an interview with a correspondent on the financial part of his message it is reported that he "reiterated his views as expressed in the message, but failed to see that there was ground for dissentions in the party on their account. He had his views; members of congress had theirs. They were the law-making power. He could only suggest and recommend. He had expressed his views, and he had no fault to find with congress for not thinking as he did on this question." We presume if the president had said in fiery language that the Utes must go, and had put in some stirring passages about the American eagle, his document would have been acceptable to the press of our state, and have been applauded as statesmanlike, able and sound. That such a document as his could have not been appreciated reflects decidedly upon the character of the press.

LITERARY NOTES.

These notes are condensed from our exchanges or received from the publishers.

"Moths" is the title of Ouida's forthcoming story.

Bret Harte has contracted to write exclusively for the Paris *Figaro*.

George Alfred Townsend, it is said, will soon issue a new volume of poems.

Zola's new novel, "Nana," will not appear in book form until February.

J. B. Lippincott & Co. are publishing a new and cheap edition of Thackeray.

Mme. de Remusat's memoirs will be published in book form by D. Appleton & Co.

Lippincott's Magazine for 1880 will have a serial called "Adam and Eve," by the author of "Dorothy Fox."

The Comte de Paris, it is said, will complete his "History of the Civil War in America" during the coming year.

Henry James, jr's, new book, soon to be issued by Macmillan & Co., is called "The Madonna of the Future, and Other Tales."

Thomas Hughes, author of "Tom Brown at Rugby," etc., will shortly publish a new book entitled "The Manliness of Christ."

D. Appleton & Co. have just ready, in the Handy-volume Series, "Vivian, the Beauty," by Mrs. Annie Edwardes; "The World's Paradise," by S. G. W. Benjamin.

"Gems of Thought" (Appleton & Co.) is a collection by Mr. Charles Northend of a number of wise sayings from nearly four hundred and fifty different authors, and on 140 different subjects.

J. B. Lippincott & Co. are now sending out their new books for the Christmas holidays. The two most noticeable are Kean's, "The Early Teutonic, Italian, and French Masters," and "Ballads by Thackeray," an illustrated octavo.

In August of next year will occur the third century of the death of Luiz de Camoens, the chief of Portuguese poets, and it is intended that the state shall observe the occasion by the purchase of the house in Lisbon, where he died and the preservation of it as a national monument.

The *Atlantic Monthly* for 1880 promises to be better than ever, having serial stories by Mr. Howell, Mr. James, and Mr. Aldrich, three of the brightest and most attractive American story writers now living and all its other departments equally well filled.

Roberts Bros. will soon publish "Aloha," a book of travel in the Sandwich Islands, by G. L. Chanes; "Stories of the War," by the Rev. E. E. Hale; "The Faith of Reason," by the Rev. John Chadwick; and "Causerie," culled from the columns of the *Transcript*.

Lee & Shepard have made a Christmas book of Mrs. Hemans's poem, "The Pilgrim Fathers," printing it upon thick tinted paper, with illustrations by Miss Humphrey, engraved by Anthony. The volume is bound in bevelled boards with decorated coler and gilt edges.

Messrs. A. D. F. Randolph & Co. have collected into a volume bearing the title "Avis Benson, or Mine and Thine, and other Sketches," a number of the contributions of the late Mrs. E. Prentiss in various religious periodicals, which have not hitherto appeared in book form.

Messrs. A. C. Armstrong & Son have published a new edition of "The Ladies of the Covenant," a volume of memoirs of Scottish women of the time of the Covenant, by the Rev. James Anderson. The work has already won acceptance among the readers of religious history and biography.

R. Worthington will publish in time for the holidays a volume entitled "Papyrus Leaves," a companion to "Laurel Leaves" and "Lotus Leaves," heretofore published. It is dedicated to Longfellow, and will contain, besides that poet's new birthday poem, contributions from Bryant, Whittier, Holmes, Lowell, Victor Hugo and others, with prose sketches by Auerbach, Harriet Prescott Spofford, "H. H.," and a score more of favorite writers. The illustrations will be very fine.

Mr. R. Worthington announces "Chatterbox Junior for 1879" as far superior to all previous issues in that interesting series. It is gotten up in the most artistic manner, while the illustrations are of marked excellence. It will, undoubtedly, be a favorite in holiday literature.

The poems of George D. Prentice, edited, with a biographical sketch, by John James Piatt, and published by Robert Clarke & Co., Cincinnati, three or four years ago, have had unusual success for a book of this kind. Four editions have already been exhausted, and a fifth has just been issued by Messrs, Clarke & Co.

In a review of Zola's "Venire de Paris," the *Literary World* very justly sums up as follows: "Here are amours, but no love; cabaret discussion of politics, but no patriotism; childish visions of revolution, but no intelligent love of liberty; one abbe, but no religion. The vice even has no fascination in it; the wickedness is without romance; it is low, sordid, stupid and vulgar."

We learn from Messrs. Houghton, Osgood & Co., that the novel "An Earnest Trifler" is having a large sale and that a second edition is already issued. It is well worthy of so wide-spread recognition. The same firm have just issued Bayard Taylor's poem uniform with those of Longfellow, Whittier, etc. "Reader's Handbook of the Revolution," by Justin Winsor; "Prayers of the Ages" and a new and complete edition of Tennyson's poems in small quarto, known as the "Hazelmere Edition."

Messrs. S. C. Griggs & Co., Chicago, will have ready in a few days their long-promised edition of the "Younger Edda," sometimes called "Snorre's Edda," or the "Prose Edda," with an introduction, notes, a full glossary, and complete index, by Professor Rasmus B. Anderson. It will be in one volume of about 320 pages. The "Younger Edda," contains the systematized theogony and cosmogony of our forefathers, their profoundest, sublimest, and best thoughts. The two "Eddas" may be said to constitute the Odinic Bible. The "Elder Edda" is the Old Testament, and the "Younger Edda" the New.

Messrs. Charles Scribner's Sons will have ready in a few days, Mr. George C. Mason's "Life and Works of Gilbert Stuart." This contribution to the literature of American art must be of interest and value to numerous readers at home and abroad. Mr. Mason has had the assistance of Miss Jane Stuart, the daughter of the distinguished painter, and a biography containing much that is new to us may be expected. The volume is to have ten reproductions of Stuart's portraits, printed in Paris by the photo-gravure process of Messrs. Goupil & Co., here used for the first time in America for book illustration.

PERSONAL.

General Bob Toombs is worth $500,000.

Secretary Sherman sits up late to read.

Alfales Young, a son of the late Brigham Young, is studying law in Paris.

Secretary McCrary wishes to have army officers punished for gambling.

Archibald Forbes, the war correspondent, has been invited to lecture in Paris.

Ex-Governor Hartranft, now postmaster of Philadelphia, is six feet tall and well proportioned.

Robert Collyer rejoices to know that Unity Church, Chicago, has paid its debts since he left it.

Senator Dawes' son, Chester M., has opened a law office in Chicago. He studied in a Boston office.

The granddaughter of Sir Walter Scott owns the place of the great author at Abbotsford. The study is just as Sir Walter left it.

Prof. Nordenskjold, the Swedish explorer, received a handsome gold medal from the Tokio Geographical Society while in Japan.

Daniel Webster's house at Marshfield, the burning of which will be remembered, is to be replaced by a structure as nearly like it as possible.

Sir Jules Benedict, the famous composer, has been considered a "good catch" among British belles for thirty years. He is about to be married.

Wycliffe's translation of the New Testament was published in 1380, and the celebration of the 500th anniversary of his great work is suggested for next year.

Lord Beaconsfield says Count Schouvaloff did not deceive him, although he is notorious for duplicity. There are no tricks which "Dizzy" does not understand.

The widow of James Fisk, Jr., boards with her former coachman and cook in South Deerfield, Mass. This she does by choice, not from necessity, as her income is ample.

Napoleon the Great ordered the preparation of the work, "Description de L'Egypt," and a copy of it in thirty volumes has been presented to the University of Rochester by Mrs. Oliver, of Albany.

Miss Emma C. Thursby, the singer, is to marry Henry C. Gilleg, of the American exchange, London. The wedding, it is expected, will take place at the close of Miss Thursby's American concerts under Mr. Strakosch's management.

"Here lie the remains of Nancy Lincoln, mother of Abraham Lincoln, sixteenth president of the United States," is the inscription on a white marble shaft which was erected over the grave of the mother of the martyr president in a cemetery in Carter township, Spencer county, Indiana, Thanksgiving Day. She was buried sixty-one years ago last October. The briars had to be cleared away before the shaft could be placed in position.

A great smoker is the Bishop of Melbourne, Australia. His flock know it, and like him for his devotion to his "short black clay pipe." One of the newspapers of his parish, the *South Australian Register*, exclaims: "The Bishop, good luck to him, likes his pipe, and knows full well that by stepping off an artificial pedestal and taking his manly stand shoulder to shoulder with his fellows he has achieved a sympathetic influence far beyond that of any priest or prelate in the colonies. Who would not like to smoke a pipe with this pleasant and worthy gentleman?

RELIGIOUS NOTES.

India has 400,000 native Christians.

Bishop Potter has confirmed 72,000 persons.

Boston has a church for every 1,666 inhabitants.

The Church of England requires $58,000,000 a year.

St. Peter's, Rome, requires $30,000 in repairs annually.

Washington has a church for every 932 inhabitants.

Brooklyn has a church for every 1,721 inhabitants.

The State of New York has a church for every 805 inhabitants.

Cincinnati has 350,000 inhabitants, only 50,000 of whom are found in church from Sunday to Sunday.

The receipts of Peter's pence at the Vatican this year have been much larger than they were in 1878.

Three Catholic cures of France have recently abandoned the Catholic faith and become Protestants.

The Five Points House of Industry has sheltered 25,000 children during its history of about twenty years.

The entire church membership of the Swedenborgians in America does not exceed 5,000 persons in all.

In fifty-five towns of Connecticut 5,359 families out of 32,825 were found who do not attend public worship.

Dean Stanley is advised to become a Baptist or a Quaker by a London minister who has read his sermon on baptism.

A nephew of Prof. Park, of Andover, Rev. C. W. Park, editor of the Bombay *Evangelical Review*, says 18,707 converts were baptized in India last year.

The State Church of Sweden is offering less and less opposition to the spread of dissenting denominations. The Baptists and Methodists are rapidly increasing.

The Baptists are making strenuous efforts to gain strength in Germany and to promulgate their doctrines. They are now arranging to build a mission seminary.

Efforts are making to secure for the Yale Divinity School the coming year a course of lectures on preaching from Professor Theodore Christlieb of the University of Bonn.

The Rev. Dr. Brown, of Yokohama, after devoting the last three years to the translation of the new testament into the Japanese language, announces the completion of that work.

The Lutherans have in the United States about 3,150 ministers, 5,600 congregations and 725,000 communicants. They are increasing largely from the German and Scandinavian immigration.

The Sandemanians are a peculiar religious people of Danbury, Conn. They have no pastor or sermons, but in their church is a circular table, around which they sit on Sundays and discuss Scriptural texts.

The decree of the king of Portugal providing for the civil registration of Protestants, and granting to such as shall register all civil rights and freedom from all disabilities, has been in force since January last.

The revision of the bible now in progress is expected to entail an expense of about $200,000 before the first copy is printed, notwithstanding the fact that the committee of revision get nothing for their labors except their traveling expenses.

The descendants of the Walloons, or foreign refugees in the Kentish capital, enjoy the curious and anomalous privilege of celebrating non-conformist service in the crypt of Canterbury Cathedral, the use of which for this purpose was granted by Elizabeth in 1851.

The Rev. George Hepworth, D. D., has had an interview with Father Hyacinthe in regard to his doctrinal position, and gives as a result the opinion that the pere is not a Protestant, except in the sense of protesting against abuses in the Church of Rome. He is still a Catholic, conducts a Catholic service, and holds essentially to the Catholic theology.

During the past eleven years the clergymen's Mutual Insurance League of New York has paid to the heirs of deceased members $279,429, of which $26,347 was paid during the fiscal year ended last month. The minimum benefit to the families of such members as may die this current fiscal year is to be $1,000.

The entire Catholic world is preparing to solemnize the jubilee of the Immaculate Conception, which falls on the 18th of December next, and the Pope Leo XII, by a decree lately published, accordingly grants to all Catholics a plenary indulgence on the day of the feast, or on one of the days of the octave of Immaculate Conception.

A compilation of the number of existing sects in England has been made, containing some corrections of the figures in Whitaker's Almanic, where it is placed at 174. The correct number, it is stated, its 164, from which deductions must further be made for eight or nine foreign congregations and such duplications as "Primitive Methodists" and "Renters." Taking the Protestant churches, there are declared to be 25,163 Episcopal ministers in Great Britian (including the Moravians), 5,246 Congregational (including Baptists), 4,951 Presbyterian and 3,870 Methodist.

The late Senator Zach Chandler had two brothers who studied for the ministry, but who died of consumption in early manhood. Mr. Chandler was with the second in Cuba when death came. No Protestant burial service being possible in that country, it was necessary to steal forth and drop the body in its grave at night. Senator Chandler, in describing the event, once said to a friend: "I could not bear to see the coffin of my beloved brother buried without a prayer above his grave." No minister being present, he himself knelt in the mud and rain and offered a fervent prayer.

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CITY LOTS!

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Across the Monument. A limited number of these lots, 25 x 190 feet, located on Huerfano street, I will sell for

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Which may be cut up for building purposes. Also, a handsome, modernly fitted up residence and grounds at

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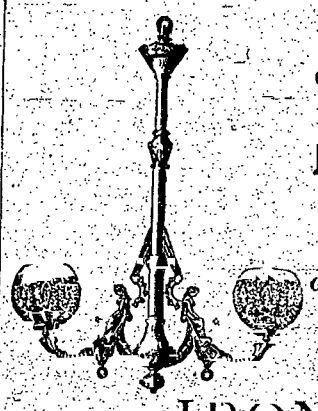

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GAS FIXTURES and all *PLUMBERS', GAS & STEAM-FITTERS' MATERIAL.*

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IRON PIPE,

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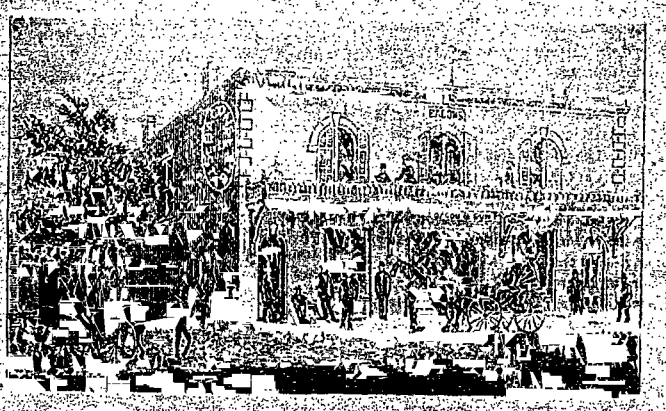

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One [illegible] Buckwheat Flour,

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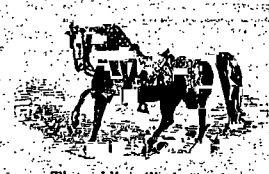

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Of all Descriptions.
Saddle and Driving Horses for Ladies and Invalids.

Competent and accommodating

DRIVERS.

And Prices as Low as Any Other Stable.

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FEED AND SALE STABLE.
First-class Rigs and Saddle Horses always on Hand.

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CRAWFORD HOUSE,
Under One Management.

The undersigned has placed them in perfect order and will keep them in better shape and guarantee a superior table to any house in the city. More visitors can be accommodated than by any three hotels in the city, and is the best located. First-class in every respect, and are the only two hotels in the city that have an unobstructed view of the mountains. Terms moderate.

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The Best $2.00 per Day House in the State.

This Hotel is now open to the public. EVERY room has been newly papered, painted, calcimined, and furnished throughout with spring.

It is located in the very centre of the City, adjacent to all business houses. Free carriages to and from all trains—RATES—$2.00 Per Day.

WM. RIDDLE & SON,
Having succeeded to the Proprietorship of the

National Hotel,

Call the attention of the traveling public and residents of Colorado Springs to the convenient location, excellent rooms, and superior cuisine of the National. Everything will be done for the comfort of guests that an experience of many years in the business can suggest. 11 5 tf

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Boston Brown Bread.
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CARAMELS, ETC.

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The only first-class bakery in the city.

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REV. JOSEPH ADAMS, MRS. J. A. D. ADAMS Homœpathic Physician, and MR. G. K. HARTENSTEIN, Attorney at Law, Leadville.

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The following analysis, connected with six years' experience, warrant us in saying that they are a specific for catarrh, sore eyes, rheumatism, lead poisons, and all scrofulous affections:

SOLIDS.	Grains to pint— Upper Spring	Lower Spring
Carbonate of Soda	4.7	4.8
Carbonate of Lithia	Trace.	Trace.
Carbonate of Lime	9	9
Carbonate of Magnesia	4	4
Sulphate of Soda	3	3
Chloride of Sodium	4.5	Trace.
Silica	1.4	Trace.
Iodine	Trace.	Trace.
Bromide	Trace.	Trace.
Ammonia Muriate		3
Ammonium, combined	Trace.	
Gases	Free Carbonic Acid, Hydrogen Sulphide, etc.	Free Carbonic Acid.

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A Coach meets the stage at Mahonville every day, except Sunday. All persons desiring further information will please communicate with the.

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A Complete Assortment of Fine as well as Common Furniture at the

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BEST WOOL MATTRESS
Manufactured. Each Mattress Guaranteed Entirely Clean, Free from Oil, Dust, or Odor, and Moth-Proof. Also, Agent for

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Repairing and cabinet work promptly made to order at reasonable rates by the best of workmen. I understand my business, and will endeavor to give satisfaction in every case, and

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All Fresh and New Goods, Consisting of

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And nearly everything usually kept in dry goods stores, all of which will be sold as low as the lowest. Please call and satisfy yourselves.

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Have Just opened a large Stock of

Ladies' Seal Sacques, Ladies' Muffs and Boa in Seal, Otter, Sable, Black Martin, Imitation Seal, Grebe, Squirrel, and Fox.

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This Universal Smoking Tobacco has just been brought out by

MR. J. R. DAY,

LATE MANUFACTURING PARTNER OF W. T. BLACKWELL & COMPANY,

Who promises to give smokers in this, great improvement on the

Celebrated Durham Bull

Which under his care and management has obtained such celebrity. He

Stakes His Reputation on this NEW PET,

With full assurance that upon a fair trial its merits will win.

Try it once and it will do its Own Puffing.

FOR SALE BY THE WHOLESALE TRADE GENERALLY. 11 1 m3

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE.COM

[illegible]

Official Paper of the City and County

TIME TABLE.

Denver and Rio Grande Railway.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH. | TRAINS GOING NORTH.

Thro Freight | Way Freight
Arrive [illegible] | Arrive [illegible]
Leave [illegible] | Leave [illegible]
San Juan Express. | *San Juan Express.*
Arrive [illegible] | Arrive [illegible]
Leave [illegible] | Leave [illegible]

Through Tickets for sale at all principal coupon offices, at the depot. Parties can select their own route.

For full information call on or address

C. W. SHARPLESS, Agent.

New goods at D. W. Robbins', on Huerfano street. Notice his advertisement.

Mr. W. W. Roller received yesterday a very heavy consignment of glassware, which will be ready for the holiday trade.

Mr. Louis E. Rumph, proprietor of the mattress factory in the "Checkered Front" building, reports an excellent trade in upholstering at present.

We desire to call attention to the advertisement for tie cutters, 300 of whom are wanted to cut ties for the San Juan and New Mexico extension of the D. & R. G. railroad.

The Rogers Bros., confectioners, on Huerfano street, last evening received over one thousand pounds of the celebrated Whitman candies of Philadelphia, the very best article in the market.

The ditches left open by the gas company are not sufficiently lighted at night to warn pedestrians. A few more lanterns properly placed might be the means of preventing a serious accident.

Captain Burnham has issued the following order: All members of Company B having uniforms out without permission must return them next Monday night or suffer the full penalty for their neglect.

The anniversary of Robert Burns' birthday will be celebrated in Denver by the Caledonian club. Are there not enough Scotchmen in town who reverence Scotia's unrivaled bard to organize a celebration here?

Mr. C. R. McBride, manager of the Chicago hide house in this city, reports a lively trade in hides and pelts. Read his card in this morning's GAZETTE. He will also advertise in the weekly. He pays the highest price in cash.

We have received a letter from the Rev. Ben Deering, dated at Versailles, Ky. He requests us to announce that the M. E. church, south, will not be open for worship before January and perhaps not until spring. He expressed an earnest desire to return to delightful Colorado, although he is urged to re-enter journalism in Kentucky.

Toward the close of the month a special train will leave Denver for Del Norte, over the Denver and Rio Grande line. The purpose is to convey the faculty of the agricultural college, members of the press, and friends of the farming interest, to a farmers' institute to be held in Del Norte, and which will be liberally attended from all portions of the state.

Mr. L. Elbridge Smith, president of the Colorado Fire Insurance company of Denver, was in town to-day on his way east. Mr. Smith appointed Mr. A. L. Lawton to represent his company in this city and vicinity. The Colorado Fire Insurance company is a new organization and a home institution. It is the only local fire insurance company between the Missouri river and San Francisco.

We would respectfully call the attention of the mail agents on the D. & R. G. railway to the fact that our subscribers between this point and Denver complain that their paper is taken beyond them every Saturday and is not returned until the following week. If the mail could be distributed on the train it would be a great convenience to many of the readers of the GAZETTE.

Personal.

County Commissioner C. R. Husted is in town.

Mr. H. A. True left last evening for Leadville.

Mr. Geo. Jefferay has returned from Leadville.

Mr. Oliver Brewster came up from Canon City yesterday.

Mrs. L. K. Bass returned yesterday from an extended visit east.

Mr. J. M. Ellison came in from Alamosa last evening for a few days' visit with his family in this city.

Mr. Bracken, one of Omaha's prominent dry goods men was in the city during the past week looking up a location.

Mr. J. Cartwright, traveling agent for the firm of Mattson, Aepple & Hicks, wool and hide dealers, of Chicago, is in the city.

Mr. M. C. Wilbur left yesterday for St. Louis, where he expects to purchase a car load of driving horses, and one or two car loads of work animals.

Mr. James Westerfield arrived in this city a few days since and will accept a position in the extensive furniture and undertaking establishment of his brother, Mr. S. B. Westerfield.

Fifty-two New Engines and 1560 New Freight Cars for the Denver and Rio Grande Extensions.

Those who have been doubting the good faith of the announcements of the Denver and Rio Grande extensions can doubt no longer. The contracts for not only the grading and rails are let, but also for the equipment. On Friday Mr. Weitbrec, treasurer of the D. & R. G., closed a contract by telegraph for fifty two locomotives, twelve of which are passenger and forty are freight. Twenty of the number were made dependent on Judge Hallett's decision about the canon. The remainder are for the extensions into New Mexico and Albuquerque. The first of the engines are to be delivered in January and all are to be ready in May. An order was also sent to York, Pennsylvania, for four hundred freight cars. On the reception of proposals within two weeks 1,160 more cars will be ordered making 1,560 in all for the proposed extensions.

All the contracts for grading and ties have been made with the purpose of reaching Silverton and Albuquerque in September next. These preparations show that the Denver & Rio Grande are likely to be able to meet all the demands which the increasing development of the state can demand. Certainly Leadville would be in no danger for want of supplies with a road up the Arkansas with such an extensive equipment.

Honorably Discharged.

Mr. S. F. Hadley, a young man who has been working for Mr. S. B. Westerfield for some time past, and who was arrested upon a charge of obtaining money under false pretenses, preferred by his employer, was tried yesterday before Justice Stewart. Mr. Hadley was honorably discharged by His Honor, and any imputation upon his character which may have been the result of this arrest is therefore removed. There was no charge made against him of abstracting money from the money drawer of his employer and the charge of obtaining money under false pretenses was completely refuted. We are glad to be able to make this statement, and we hope that the character of the young man will suffer no injury for he has proved himself innocent in open court.

Denver's Distress.

A correspondent of the Denver *Republican* takes a gloomy view of the present situation of that town. He says: "The people of Denver are laboring under two distinct disadvantages, water and whisky. The latter is insinuating in its effects, the former directly penetrating. As between the two, the genial bummer-man prefers poor whisky to good water. But the question is, Is Denver water superior to bad whisky? Are we not doing ourselves harm when we choose either? The one is a compound concoction of drug store, with a little rain water thrown in; the other the effervescence of the fluidical remains of dead animals which abound upon the sources of the various tributaries of our water supply. The people of Denver can not expect health when their sources of water supply are polluted with carrion enough to demoralize the Atlantic ocean. The question is not, directly, whether this is a nation, but is Denver to become its sanitarium? Is bad whisky or worse water promotive of this end? After looking at this Holly question in all its bearings, I confess that I prefer bad whisky, and may God defend the right."

The Valley of the Pecos.

A correspondent of the Las Vegas *Gazette* gives the following description of a happy valley which he discovered on a pedestrian tour to the southward:

The walking editor on his trip to Santa Fe after climbing over the mountain range west of here, made his way along a little ice cold stream down into the Pecos valley with which he was better pleased than with any other place in New Mexico. No one word will do justice to this sunny smiling valley and to the beautiful river flowing through. The familiar term, "ribbon of silver," is all too tame to apply to the latter. The stream is clear as crystal and fed by everlasting springs and melting snows, every rock and pebble on the bottom is seen as plainly as though out of the water while the beautiful mountain trout always in motion, constitute a perpetual charm for the beholder.

Two branches unite to form the main stream which on the line between Las Vegas and Santa Fe and for some miles on each side of that line flows almost due south. The mountains on the east side of the river arise gradually but on the west form an almost perpendicular wall for miles together. In places the hills on the east retire far enough away to leave a beautiful level valley, the fertile soil of which responds gratefully to the labor of the farmer, in other places they press down to the edge of the stream leaving a gorge with barely room for the waters flow. At the upper end of the valley are a few cultivated fields and a stock ranch, but no dwelling.

In the United States District Court last Friday, Sidney A. Grant, who was found guilty by jury of illegally using the mails in connection with his North Denver lot swindle, was discharged by Judge Hallett, the motion in arrest of judgment being sustained by the court. Grant gave bail in $1,500, to answer to any information at the next term of court for the same offense.

TALKING WITH TALCOTT

He Tells the Story of an Adventurous Life

The exposure in the trial by newspaper of Mr. Hubble Talcott, the history of whose arrest is familiar to our readers, is nearly all in, and yesterday afternoon we decided to ask Mr. Talcott to take the stand and testify in his own behalf. We found him very comfortably situated in a private apartment at the jail, where he is treated with respect and consideration. The room which he occupies is neatly furnished, there is a handsome carpet on the floor, lace curtains at the windows, and pictures on the wall.

Mr. Talcott said he was glad to see us and would willingly give a sketch of his life, which he at once began to do. He talked rapidly and manifested a disposition to go into particulars. He is so well known here that a description of his personal appearance does not seem to be necessary. Taking a comfortable rocking chair he leaned back in it and began his story. "I was born in Bolton, Connecticut," said he, "March 4th, 1818. Bolton is about twelve miles east of Hartford. I was raised as a farmer and continued in that business until I was thirty years old when the gold excitement broke out and I left for California in 1849. I went around the Horn and brought up in Park's Bar on the Yuba river.

I was superintendent of the Connecticut River Mining Company. We turned the river out of its course and in a little over two years I cleared up more than $10,000. I was satisfied with this and started for home in October 1852. Taking steamer at San Francisco, I went to Panama and then crossed the isthmus on horseback to Crucis, from there I went to Shagris in a small boat and took steamer there for New York. I spent the winter at home in Bolton and the next year I went to Shelby, Richland county, Ohio, and engaged in the grocery business with the firm of McConnell & Sowers. I lost a great deal of money and drew out of the firm in less than a year, but I was there nearly three years settling up the business and conducting suits at law.

In 1856 I went to Kalamazoo, Michigan, where I went into the lumber business; I always had to be working at something.

In 1859 I started for Colorado, with three horses which I drove tandem to a spring wagon; I came by the way of Omaha and the Platte river to Denver. So far as I know, I never saw Samuel Hallet and I never heard of O. A. Talcutt.

I did not stop in Denver but went on to Russel's Gulch, Pleasant Valley, where I arrived on the Fourth of July, 1859. I mined there until February, when I left and came down to Colorado City and located a ranch, which I still own, 18 miles down the Fountain. I lived on that ranch twelve years, from 1859 to 1871, and then I moved up the Ute Pass and established the Green Mountain house where I have lived ever since.

It has been my custom for the last four years to spend the summer in the San Juan. I have a store at Ouray and I sell goods and engage in mining while there. I generally go down in June and return in November. I had just returned from the south when I was arrested upon this charge. I have been put to a great deal of inconvenience but this trouble has brought friends to my assistance whose kindness is very pleasant to me."

This in brief is the history of the adventurous but not criminal life lead by Mr. Hubble Talcott. Comment is not necessary, the narration bears the stamp of truth upon it.

Messrs. Howbert and Crowell, who have befriended Mr. Talcott by writing to Governor Pitkin in his behalf, received a letter from His Excellency yesterday expressing the opinion that if the witnesses who are expected from Kansas knew the real Talcutt they will exonerate the present prisoner. The governor also enclosed the following letter which had been received by him:

BLACK HAWK, COLO., Dec. 4, 1879.

Hon. F. W. Pitkin:

DEAR SIR Having noticed the arrest of one Hubble Talcott, for the murder of Samuel Hallett, in which a great mistake has been made, I venture to address you. The Talcutt that shot Hallett had been chief engineer of the U. P. railway, eastern division, and I was well acquainted with him while he was in the employ of the company of Overton & Kessler as contractor to furnish piles and ties for the same company, and occupied the same office with Talcutt. I have also been acquainted with Talcott at Ouray, and know that he is not the person who shot Hallett. The Talcutt, engineer, was very lame and frail, and can hardly be living at this time.

Should it become necessary to identify the prisoner I will go to Denver or Colorado Springs for that purpose.

Excuse this, but I feel that a great wrong is being done to an innocent man.

Respectfully yours,

FRANCIS KESSLER.

Mr. A. Sagendorf has opened during the week a large number of cases of new goods of excellent quality. His celluloid toilet articles are very handsome and some elegant vases adorn his show cases. Besides having a full line of staple goods such as is carried in a first-class drug establishment his stock of fancy goods is immense. He has also lately received a fine cabinet case of Smith's homeopathic medicines which was necessary to meet the growing demand for those goods.

Leadville Mines

The *Herald* gives the following descriptions of some prominent mines in the vicinity of that city:

On the north side of California gulch, just above the Lime, is the Smuggler, owned by George T. Clark and J. H. Dudley. The main shaft on this property is forty-five feet, with an incline run in on the bed rock 319 feet. Along this incline a body of ore exists for 275 feet, of from five to fifteen feet in thickness. Several drifts of from ten to twenty five feet have been run from the incline, all showing ore. A cross-cut has also been run from the incline to connect with the workings from the other shaft. An estimate made by experts shows that at least ten thousand tons of ore are in sight in the different workings. The ore is mostly of low grade of silver, returning but from twelve to twenty ounces to the ton, but gives from forty to sixty per cent in lead. At the bottom of the incline a better class of ore has been found, however, choice specimens of which assay from 500 to 1,500 ounces of silver to the ton. There seems to be no question but that, with a continuance of the incline, the same solid body of rich mineral found in the Silver Wave, Iron and other claims to the west, will be reached within a short distance. The upper shaft on the property higher on the hill is 145 feet deep, one drift extending 160 feet and the other 70 feet. Contact has been reached, but no mineral yet mined. The amount of money so far expended in developing this property is $15,000, but the indications now are that this amount will be speedily realized. A new shaft is to be started at once on the north end of the mine, next to the Silver Wave, with a view of striking the rich body of mineral now found on that property.

Alderman Kavanagh has mines without number, not only about Leadville, but in all portions of this and adjoining counties. For some reason most of these silver and gold mines have called more for assessments than returned in dividends, but at last he has struck it. Not in silver, but in lime rock, that readily sells for either greenbacks, silver or gold. At the point of the hill, just opposite the Rock mine and below the Lime, exists the largest body of lime rock yet discovered in this section of the country. Through the rock are a great many small seams of iron and ore, and the rock as quarried contains from fourteen to twenty ounces of silver to the ton. In addition to its intrinsic value, it is of great value as a flux for smelting and is readily bought by the smelters. The amount of rock quarried or mined is about 300 tons per week, though this could be trebled did the market demand it. The ground has been stripped off so that a length of 250 feet and a height of seventy five feet of solid lime rock is exposed. The property has been systematically opened by Mr. E. J. Purcell, the superintendent of the property, and now can be worked economically. One great advantage to the profitable working of the property is its easy access and the fact that a good road, all down hill, extends to the different smelters. The lime quarry is on the site of a former lime kiln, and a new kiln will be put up on the ground in the spring, and enough lime burned to supply the city. Alderman Kavanagh surely has a bonanza of his own, even if a peculiar one.

Brockhurst, the man who shot a foot-pad recently in Leadville and originated Judge Lynch's boom, is now shaving people in Evans.

Church Notices.

We desire to make these notices as full and correct as possible. Clergymen who are desirous of assisting us in this purpose will confer a favor by sending their announcements to the office as early as 8 o'clock Saturday evening.

PRESBYTERIAN—Rev. T. C. Kirkwood, D. D. Services at 11 a. m. and 7.00 p. m.

Sunday school at 3 p. m.

CONGREGATIONAL Rev. R. T. Cross, pastor. The services at the new church at 11 a. m. and 7.00 p. m.

Sunday school at 12.15 p. m.

GRACE (Episcopal)—Sunday school at 3 p. m. No service to-day.

CUMBERLAND PRESBYTERIAN—Rev. W. A. Hyde, pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7.00 p. m.

Sunday school at 9.30 a. m. J. H. Woodgate, superintendent.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL Rev. W. L. Slutz, pastor. Services at 11 a. m. 7 p. m. Communion service in the morning.

Sunday school at 9.30 a. m.

Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7.30.

Rev. W. L. Slutz will preach in Manitou at 3 p. m.

CATHOLIC—Rev. De la Hanty, rector. Morning services at 10.15; Sunday school at 2.30 p. m.; vespers at 7.00 p. m.

BAPTIST—Brick church, corner of Kiowa and Weber streets. Rev. James Goodman, pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7.00 p. m.

Hotel Arrivals.

PASCOE'S HOTEL.—Mrs Cotton, Silverton, Colo; R M Dodge, ranch; B W Dye, W B Stevenson, Iona, Mich; E R Warren, ranch; J P Hedegan and wife, Leadville; C R Beckett, Sterling, Kansas; C R Husted, Mr Sloan, Divide; John C Breon, Leadville; T P Truss, F J Farmer, S Garton, H P Scott, H S Lymes, U S Coast and Geodetic Survey; C M Creamer, Louisville, Ky; T Peebles and wife, Big Spring, Colo; Mrs H C Curtess and two children, West Winsted, Conn.

NATIONAL HOTEL.—B F Field, Ruby Mining district; Mrs N G Brown, Denver; E D Howard, ranch; H Mitchell, Topeka, Kansas; J [illegible], Leadville; E A Hyde, Chautauqua; M Morris, New York; C Wood, Kansas City; James Watson, Mrs Ivory Phillips, Miss Canfield, ranch; G Conroy, Denver.

COLORADO SPRINGS HOTEL.—J D Capron, St Louis; T B Medam, Washington; Frank Pinkin, Grand Rapids, Mich; Chas A Lansing, W Loney, ranch; O S Brewster, Canon City.

CENTRAL. R V Wright, Divide; Emmett Hodgdon, Topeka, Kansas; Ormand Spray, Divide; Jas Thomas Garnett, Kansas; Joseph Finn, Mo; C R Beckett, Sterling, Kansas; S C Crater, Bear Creek; Eli Curtis, ranch; R T Harris, Fairplay; S N Vanocken, ranch.

CHAS. HALLOWELL,

FIRE INSURANCE AGENCY!

Policies written in any of the following Companies at LOWEST CURRENT RATES, viz.:

Ætna, of Hartford, assets	$6,783,867.
North America, of Philadelphia, assets	$6,461,730.
Home, of New York, assets	$6,109,526.
Imperial and Northern, of London, assets	$23,000,000.
Commercial Union, of London, assets	$19,000,000.
Hartford, of Hartford, assets	$3,292,913.
German-American, of New York, assets	$2,324,709.
Pennsylvania, of Philadelphia, assets	$1,724,481.
Phœnix, of Brooklyn, assets	$2,759,001.
Total assets represented	***$71,456,227.***

Estimates for Insurance in the City and Country furnished on application to

CHAS. HALLOWELL, resident agent.

9 24 tf Office on North Tejon Street, Colorado Springs

HOOKER, GROCER.

NEW STORE, HUERFANO STREET,

HEADQUARTERS FOR FINE AND IMPORTED GROCERIES.

SPECIALTIES THIS MORNING:

Fresh Coffees, Buckwheat Flour,

Maple syrup, Oysters, and

Choice Breakfast Bacon!

10 30 tf

With the secretary of state have been filed articles of incorporation of the Cottonwood and Roaring Fork toll road company, capital stock $50,000, in 2,000 shares at $25 each. The company is to exist for twenty years, with principal office at Virginia City. Louis L. Beardsley, Louis E. Merland and John B. Baush are the directors for the first year and the incorporators.

The State River and Crested Buttes Toll Road Company is to have its principal office Crested Buttes, Gunnison county, to last twenty years, and to build a road from Crested Buttes to the head of state river, its capital is fixed at $3,000 divided into 100 shares of $30 each. The incorporators and trustees are W. P. Lamb, Frank P. Swindeler and A. W. Pickering.

Business Locals.

Ten cents per line for first insertion; five cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Advertisements to go in every other day, or on certain days of the week only, ten cents per line for each insertion.

REMEMBER

That owing to a recent change in our firm, and we expect to buy largely, we will CLOSE OUT what

BOOTS AND SHOES

we have at greatly reduced rates.

12 5 tf J. H. WOODGATE & Co.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

Call on D. W. Robbins' for your watches and jewelry.

J. H. Drinkwater has under his employ a first-class machinist. 12 5tf

All persons indebted to me must close their accounts either by cash or note on or before the 31st inst. T. C. HORN. 12 7t12

A. Allen, the Manufacturing Jeweler at Robinson's Museum. 12 7 tf

Boots, Shoes and Rubber Goods at old prices at D. W. Robbins'. 12 7 tf

Whitman's Chocolates and Nougas in one hundred different varieties, at 12 7tf. ROGERS BROS.

HOLIDAY GOODS

By the car load, at Tribe & Jefferay's book store. 12 2 tf

Ladies' furs at D. W. Robbins'.

Full line of Base Burning and other heating stoves at DURKEE & LEE'S. 9 5 tff

S. B. Westerfield, undertaker, will give prompt attention to night or day orders. Rooms in Hodgman Block, Huerfano street, Colorado Springs. 7-8-tf

HATS! HATS! HATS!

D. W. Robbins has now in stock over 300 different styles and qualities of Hats, and more coming. 12 7 tf

Colorado stones set in any design at A. Allens'. 12 7 tf

Export Bottled Beer, $11.00 per barrel; $1.25 per dozen; 10 d. pints or 6 d. quarts. F. Hermann, Manitou, Col. 8 29 tf

Leave your orders at J. H. Drinkwater's to have your gas fitting done before the rush. 12-5tf

We are now receiving an immense stock of stationery of kinds. Call and see us. 12 2 tf TRIBE & JEFFERAY.

"Charter Oak" and "Stewart" cook stoves at DURKEE & LEE. 9 5 tff

FURNITURE.

The largest stock in the city at 9-21-tf S. B. WESTERFIELD'S.

All kinds of sheet iron and tin work and repairing done at DURKEE & LEE'S. 9 5 tff

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

The largest stock of stationery ever brought to this city is now being unboxed at Tribe & Jefferay's book store. 12 2 tf

Fry & Sons English Chocolates, at 12 7tf. ROGERS BROS.

Solid gold monograms on Lockets, &c., at A. Allens'. 12 7 tf

Dr. F. H. Sutherland has returned from Leadville, and can be seen at his office over Barnes' hardware store, from 9 to 12 a. m. and from 1 to 4 p. m. 11 22tf

For bargains in Clothing, Gents and Boys Overcoats, Boots, Shoes, Dry Goods, Notions, Furnishing Goods, Hats, Caps, Ladies Cloaks, Watches, Jewelry, Gloves, Trunks, Valises, etc., go to the cheap cash store of D. W. Robbins. 11 8 tf

Take your job work in tin, copper and sheet iron to W. C. Stark. Satisfaction guaranteed 9-21-tf

ROGERS BROS.

Have just received the largest
And most complete variety
Of Whitman's celebrated candies
Ever brought to the state.
Call and see them. 12 7 tf.

LADIES,

You are invited to inspect
The largest and choicest selection
Of confectionery in the city.
At Rogers Bros., Huerfano St. 12 7tf

A. BROWN, TEJON ST.

Paints, Oils, Paper Hangings,
Window Glass, Varnishes, Brushes,
Full Line of Shade Goods, Etc.
Artists' Materials of all Kinds.

J. H. Drinkwater will repair your machinery and pumps at short notice. 12 5tf

Stacks of new goods are being received at the One Price Store of D. W. Robins. 12 7 tf

A. Allen the manufacturer of Company B Medal. 12 7 tf

"Steward" Ranges at 9 5 tff DURKEE & LEE'S.

CLOTHING.

A large invoice of new clothing just received at the store of D. W. Robbins.

HOLIDAYS.

At E. Herman's, Manitou. Pure Spanish Grape Wine for $2.00 per gallon, delivered free of charge. Send postal card. 11 26 tf

A. L. MILLARD

Has the largest assorted stock of Undertakers' Goods in the city. First door west of his furniture store, on Huerfano street. Never closed! Always ready! Open every day and hour in the year. Telegraphic or personal orders promptly attended to. Embalming by the latest method and shipping a specialty. 11 27 tf

Tie Cutters Wanted.

TREASURER'S OFFICE,
RIO GRANDE EXTENSION COMPANY,
COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO., Dec. 6, 1879.

Three hundred (300) tie choppers wanted to cut ties for the San Juan and New Mexico extensions of the Denver & Rio Grande railway. Apply to Robert E. Sloan or to Calvin R. Husted at the tie camp, south and west of Conejos. Further information can be had upon application to the undersigned.

R. F. WEITBREC, Treasurer.

12 6 tf

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT.—Furnished house on Kiowa street, east of Baptist Church. Mrs. Blakeslee. 12 2 tf

FOR RENT. A comfortably furnished second story front room in private family. Centrally located and best neighborhood. Address post office box 39. 11 22 tf

FOR RENT. Two furnished rooms. Inquire of "C," GAZETTE office. 11 20 tf

WANTED.

WANTED. By a young lady, a situation where the teaching of children or assistance with housework would be considered an equivalent for board. Apply to Mrs. Cleaveland at Y. M. C. A. rooms. 22 7 3*

WANTED.—A span of horses, wagon, and harness. Any person having such an outfit for sale at a bargain can find a purchaser by inquiring of T. G. Stevenson, first door south of Court House. 1*

WANTED.—A situation to do house work in small family. Apply at Mrs. Noonan's, next to Catholic Church. 12 6 2*

WANTED.—A few boarders. Apply at second door south of Huerfano street, on east side of Nevada avenue. 12 3 4*

WANTED.—To exchange a one fourth interest in a good mining claim on Carbonate Hill, near Leadville, for a residence lot in north part of city. Must be well located; east front preferred. Address "Miner," box 137, city. 12 4 tf

WANTED.—A few boarders. Mrs. J. Green, No. 12, Cascade Terrace. 11 25 tf

WANTED.—Large clean rags at this office.

LOST.

LOST.—A gold cuff button. Reward for its return to this office. 12 4 tf

TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN.—At low rates of interest on approved city real estate. Apply to Chas. Hallowell, real estate agent. 11 13 tf

MONEY TO LOAN.—On diamonds, jewelry, etc. A. W. Miller, Tejon street. 12 2 tf

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®.COM

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

SUPPLEMENT.

o. 494. COLORADO SPRINGS, SUNDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1879. Price, Five Cents

An Epitaph on Robert Lowe.

correspondent sends me the exact sion of the epitaph written upon Mr. ve in the house of commons, together Mr. Lowe's translation of it into in:

"Here lies the bones of Robert Lowe,
A faithless friend and bitter foe;
Whither his restless soul has fled
Cannot be thought of, much less said.
If to the realms of peace and love,
Concord no longer reigns above;
If it has found a lower level,
All must compassionate the devil."

"Robertus humilis hic jacet,
Qui nobis (mortuus) valde placet,
Amicus minime fidelis;
Amarus hostis et crudelis
Quæ sit conditio sit futura
Ambigitur, sed spero, dura.
Si cœlum scandet ista pestis,
Vale, concordia cœlestis.
Si apud inferos jacebit,
Diabolum ejus pœnitebit,
Et nos Diaboli miserebit."

—*London Truth.*

Renan on the New Testament.

second Bible was added to the old, much inferior in classic beauty, but much greater efficacy for the conver- of the world. The old Hebrew gue, a marvelous aristocratic instru- at for the expression of poetry, passion, sentiments of the mind, had been d for ages. The patois of Palestine, popular Greek which the Macedonian quest introduced into the Orient, and ch the Alexandrian translators of the le elevated to the dignity of a sacred gue, could not serve as the organ for rary chef d'œuvres. But in place of ius the new Bible had goodness; in of writers it had men full of Jesus conveyed to us his mind. The New tament introduced into the world a idea—that a popular beauty. It is the k which has dried the most tears—made the most hearts. We cannot ak in a general manner of the style of New Testament, since its writings are our or five different styles. All, how- have something in common, and something is precisely what has made m strong and successful. They are ften in Greek and conceived in Semi- Those absolute forms, rigid, unshad- that language wherein all is white or ck, sunlight or gloom, which for "I pre- Jacob to Esau," says "Jacob have I lov- Esau have I hated," have conquered world by their stern grandeur. Our es were not accustomed to this Oriental geness, this energetic one-sidedness, method of proceeding as in a mass by swoops. They are conquered and, t were, crushed; even to-day this style the great force of Christianity that ch fascinates souls and wins them to us.

Julius Cæsar's View of Death.

Throughout his career Cæsar displayed ays a singular indifference to life. He not much belief in God or the gods. all such questions he observed from t to last a profound silence. But one viction he had. He intended, if he to live at all, to live master of himself matters which belonged to himself, la might kill him if he so pleased. It better to die than than to put away a e who was the mother of his child, and marry some other woman at a dictator's ding. Life on such terms was not th keeping. What a joy it is to read one man in the world's history who ver played the fool or the hypocrite. On e occasion the majority of the senate which Cæsar was then a young member wished to consign a large number of po- al offenders to capital punishment. esar opposed this. He contended that ith was not a punishment at all. Death s the end of human sorrow. In the ive there was neither joy nor sorrow. hen a man was dead he ceased to be. e became as he had been before he was rn. Probably almost every one in the nate thought like Cæsar on this subject. cero certainly did. Cæsar spoke his nvictions out. *J. A. Froude.*

Popular Medical Science.

Clem Berry, the sable philosopher of rson, spent a few days in this city last eek. He was sorry to find his old end, Marcus Aurelius Johnson, confin- to his bed when he called.

"Why, Marcus, what on erf's de matter dju?"

"Dunno, Clem dunno 'zactly. Doc onson sez de disease hesn't gone 'long uf ter make a c'rect doggyneses of it, t he b'leves it's de roomytism or de ewralgy."

"Well, if dat's what's de matter, I just ow how ter fix you. Seen lots of it red down dar in Calson. Der was uv'ner Kinkead, an' ole Jasper Bab- ck, an' Farmer Treadway, an' a lot o' em kind o' feller all had de roomytism; de newralgy, or some udder mighty re- able disease of de same gin'ral nature n' I've seen all of dem cured. You jes' nd fo' yo' doctor, an' tell him to cut a tton-hole in yo' hide whar de pain does e mos' work, an to take a seeringe an' uirt 'bout half a pint o' mowfeen in dar. at's what'll cure you, Marcus you hea' e. I'm a talkin', chile cure yo' shua'. at's what we call de sutterranean injec- in, an' don't you forget it." *Virginia Nev.) Chronicle.*

All the Forms of an Insult.

Meeting a newsboy whose face was arred with scratches and looked like a ap of some railroad center, a Register eporter asked the youngster what the atter was.

"Feller spoke disrespectful of my sister; id he'd bet she was cross-eyed, and I iled in."

"Is your sister cross-eyed?" asked the eporter.

"Haint got no sister," was the reply. It was the principle of the thing that I ot licked for." *Des Moines Register.*

SLAVERY IN THE HAREM.

The Obstacles to Civilization in Turkey as Graphically Described by a Native Writer.

PARIS, November 17.—*La Nouvelle Revue*, now in its fourth issue, contains an immensely interesting article on Turkey as she is, or, to give it the title of its real subject, on the Turkish harems. The writer is one Abdul-Hakk. "I know no more of him than his name, but it may be sufficient to say that he seems thoroughly acquainted with his subject. He tells us, as we already know, that the harem is the great obstacle to civilization in Turkey, but his illustrations in support of this thesis abounds in novelty for European readers. It is the best account of the interior of a Turkish household that has yet appeared.

* * * * * * *

Every Turkish home, says a writer, is divided into two parts, the selamik and the harem. The selamik is reserved for men and the harem for the women. The division is, in a manner, common to all houses—to the palace and to the hovel. Even in the very tents of the nomads there is a curtain or a rag to form the partition. Only in the houses of the poor the seclusion of women is necessarily more theoretical than practical; and for this reason what hope there is of regeneration in Turkey rests with the lower classes. Purity of manners exists in inverse proportion to the rigor of seclusion among the women. The etymology of the word harem is significant. It comes from an Arab root which means "anything forbidden by the religious law." The harem is therefore the forbidden part of the house. * * *

In theory slavery is abolished in the Ottoman empire. The prohibition of the slave trade is found in any number of government edicts. Some of these express a quite ingenious surprise to learn that the traffic still exists. "We have just heard," says one, "that there are people who take women and children from Georgia and sell them into bondage. It is necessary to say that this proceeding is most blameworthy and abominable," and so on. These official protests gain in piquancy of interest when we remember that the very people who write them are steeped to the lips in the shame of the traffic. The rule is precise and formal, the prohibition rigorous and absolute; for all that, there is no question in Turkey in which practice is in a more flagrant contradiction with theory. The thousands of women who people the harems of the sultan and of the princes of the imperial family are all slaves. There is not a Turkish family, rich or even in easy circumstances, which has not a certain number of women and children in bondage. * * * * * *

There are no more public slave markets, and young girls are no longer bought at the bazaar, but at Stamboul and Top-Kane there exist many slave stores perfectly well known to the authorities and to the population. Numbers of people live openly by this commerce; there is scarcely a great family which has not some part in it. The harem of Ali Pasha (the Grand Vizier, who has signed most of the edicts against the slave trade) does quite a business in this line. Midhat Pasha, celebrated for his advanced liberalism, is a well-known dealer. Constantinople is the central market and the most of the Circassian girls bred for sale are taken there even before they arrive at a marriageable age. At seven or eight their tender parents place them in one of the slave depots. Here they are examined by old women, expert specialists, who manage the sales on commission. Men very seldom take any part in this stage of the traffic; it is the chief lady of the harem who orders the purchase of new stock. Prices vary, according to the beauty of the children, from a few hundreds to several thousand piastres. A hundred thousand piastres, or something less than five thousand dollars, is the ruling figure for a pretty girl between fifteen and sixteen. The children thus bought are put to various uses. The ill-favored ones are kept for the housework, and they are brigaded under older slaves called khalfas. Those who promise to be beautiful are nourished with as much care as in the parental home or in the depots. They are taught to sing and dance, they get some faint notions of reading, writing and sewing; they play the violin and an instrument called the canoun, composed of metallic chords stretched on a horizontal frame. Of late years even the piano has formed part of the programme of studies. Their happiness depends on the character of their mistresses. In certain houses they have not much to complain of. They get a few jewels from time to time and a little money at the feast of Bairam; but they are never suffered to forget that they are slaves, and they show it in the attitude of profound humility which they always maintain in the presence of the master or mistress.

This system of Oriental slavery is perfectly well known to the different embassies as the Sublime Porte. The ladies of the embassies visit the harems of the sultan, of the pashas, and of the beys, and sometimes pass whole days in them. They are served by slaves; they listen to the music of slaves; they see slaves in the ballet, yet at that very moment perhaps their husbands are writing indignant protests to the Sublime Porte against the traffic in Nubian women. The hundreds of thousands of white Circassian women in bondage are never made the subject of diplomatic protest. The traffic is winked at by the European powers because they know or think they are powerless to abolish it.

Our author gives the following particulars of the harem of the Sultan. The imperial palace is divided like all other Turkish houses into a selamlik and a harem, but between these two in the houses of the upper class is an intermediate dwelling named mabein. This is inhabited by the old women, the eunuchs and others, who are the medium of communication between the harem and the outer world, and it forms an additional guarantee of seclusion. Abdul-Hamid, the present Sultan, transacts most of his business in the mabein. He goes there in the morning, gives orders to his secretaries, and even receives there his ministers and the ambassadors of the great powers. At night he returns to the harem, but never at a fixed hour, because he lives in constant dread of assassination. In the earlier days of the Osmanli power the Sultans sometimes married Christian princesses. Orkhan took to wife the Greek Princess Theodora; Murad I. a Grecian princess; Bajazet I. was blessed with three Christian spouses. He might have had one more, for the law authorizes every Mussulman to marry four women, and of course to make harem slaves of as many others as he can afford to buy. Other Sultans married women of good family among their subjects, but all this is at an end now. The Sultan does not marry at all. The slaves who bear him children are elevated to the rank of cadines, a sort of title of honor giving the position without the rights of a wife. In his quality of caliph the sultan is supposed to be too much above a slave to contract marriage with her. Abdul-Hamid has four cadines, a number determined by usage as corresponding to that of the four legitimate wives. There have been some exceptions, however. Abdul-Aziz had five cadines and Abdul-Hamid I. seven. Besides these women, the sultan has some forty female slaves carefully selected for personal attendance on him. These perform the office of valets de chambre, so that in his purely domestic life he is waited on exclusively by women. The waiting-maid who attracts his favorable regard may hope to be elevated to the rank of cadine. In this case some one of the ladies who is considered to have too long enjoyed that honor is sent to the old seraglio and pensioned off. These women of the bedchamber in the service of his highness are called Odalenks, whence, no doubt, we get the term of odalisque, so dear to the western fancy. The less attractive slaves of the palace are trained for ordinary services. * * *

The princes of the imperial family have their harems, and as they have little else in the way of amusement this possession accounts for the physical and moral degeneration of the ruling class. The princesses of the imperial family have by usage the right of choosing their husbands. Formerly, when they lived in stricter seclusion, they had to judge by report. Now that they enjoy a little more liberty of movement they see for themselves. In driving out for an airing they get an opportunity of inspecting the young officers, &c., who form the personnel of the court. Generally a young man distinguished by the preference of a princess has very little time to anticipate his happiness. He learns at one and the same moment that he is loved and that he is to marry, and he is supposed to hold himself ready to become a husband at a moment's notice. The princess herself consults nobody but the Sultana Valide, or mother of the sultan. The latter, in her turn, discusses the matter with her son, and the messenger is forthwith sent to the fortunate wretch. The bridegroom is at once loaded with court favors, and is sure to receive civil or military promotion—more often the latter. But if he offends his wife he is disgraced as quickly as he was exalted, for jealousy in a member of the imperial family is armed at all points for vengeance. The married lady being of the race of Othman, claims the most profound respect for her lord. His life is a veritable slavery; his relations with his wife are regulated by the most scrupulous etiquette. He must never quit his part of the house without her special permission; he must never enter the harem without her formal summons. He must maintain before her an attitude of unfailing respect, which indicates his inferior situation. [In conclusion our author shows us that, if men are what women make them, the men of Turkey are decidedly to be pitied. The women of Turkey, he says, are naturally intelligent, but they are almost absolutely ignorant and of an extraordinary laxity of morals. Dress is the one thing thought about especially now that they have taken to Parisian styles. This change was brought about by the war of the Crimea. You will find in the harems the latest fashions of the French capital in boots, dresses, gloves and the rest. The children are even more to be pitied than the men. They are the first victims of their mothers' depravity. From their tenderest age they are brought up among little female slaves of their own years, who are ordered to obey them in everything, and they thus get their first lessons in tyranny in very good time. We are never to forget that the woman slave who rules the Turkish harem also rules the Turkish empire. The whole eastern question is there. What is the solution? What is the remedy? "While that thing exists," Fuad Pasha used to say, pointing to the wall of the harem, "we shall be unfit for modern progress." But who can pull it down? *Richard Whiteing in N. Y. World.*

Ancient Needles.

Sir Gardner Wilkinson, in his writing about the antiquities of Egypt, describes the early needles as made of bronze, but generally without eyes. Now and then a regular needle was made. Its length was from three to four inches.

In the fourteenth century needles were manufactured at Nuremberg, Germany. Their history in England is but little known. Perhaps the most curious needle in existence is in the possession of Queen Victoria. It was made at the celebrated needle manufactory at Reditch, and represents the column of Trajan in miniature. This well known Roman column is adorned with numerous scenes in sculpture which immortalize Trajan's heroic actions in war. On this diminutive needle scenes in the life of Queen Victoria are represented in relief, but so finely cut and so small that it requires a magnifying glass to see them. The Victoria needle can, moreover, be opened; it contains a number of needles of smaller size, which are equally adorned with scenes in relief.—*Troy Times.*

THE CZAR NICHOLAS.

Further Queer Anecdotes of the Autocrat of Russia.

In the year 1844, when a piece bearing the title "The Emperor Paul" was announced for performance in Paris, Nicholas wrote to the king: "If you do not forbid the play I will send a million of spectators to hiss it from the stage."

As the emperor was once taking a walk he heard a man and a woman talking loudly in the German language. Hearing the man declare that he would not quit the spot until he had seen the emperor, the latter went toward him and demanded who he was and what he wished. The German, who did not know the czar, answered that he was an artisan from Hamburg and desired to submit a paper describing a new and cheap method of making shoe soles for the army. "Why do you apply direct to the emperor?" inquired the czar; "why have you not first addressed yourself to some one about him?" "I wished to do so and called on the chief of police for the purpose," returned the man, "but his clerk asked me to pay 300 roubles, which is impossible, as I have no money." "Then you might have communicated with the governor-general," suggested the czar. "Has he, then, no secretary?" inquired the man. "If so, 500 instead of 300 roubles would probably have been demanded of me." The emperor, smiling, said, "Then you should have gone with your petition direct to the Grand Duke Michael Powlowitsch." "To him! Go to that scourge of soldiers, the grand duke? Not for the world!" replied the man. "Well, my fine fellow," said the czar, "if you will only transact your business with the emperor in person speak up, for I am he." At this unexpected revelation the honest Hamburger was so terrified that, trembling from head to foot, he fell on his knees. In doing this his hat dropped from his hand. The emperor's dog, his almost constant companion, seizing the hat began playing with it. The emperor contemplated the true scene with characteristic pride, hugely relishing the fright of the poor artisan. At last he pulled the hat from between the dog's teeth, and handing it, smiling, to the still kneeling Hamburger, said: "Do not be alarmed, my friend; give me your paper; I will have it examined. Meanwhile, come to the palace, where you shall have a pecuniary indemnity for the fright you have suffered." On the day following the emperor invited the Grand Duke Michael Pawlowitsch, the governor-general, Count Essen, and the chief of police, Kohoschkin, to dine with him. He related to them the adventure he had had and enjoyed immensely their embarrassment and confusion. What came of the proposal does not appear, but the Hamburger himself went mad. At this termination of the affair the emperor was moved with compassion and allowed the family of the victim a regular pension. *Boguslawski's Memoirs.*

"Let Truth be Thy Motto."

The liar may succeed for a time, but justice is sure overtake him. A Chicago man told the burglars around his bed that he hadn't a dollar, but when they put a candle to the soles of his feet he shelled out $150. *Detroit Free Press.*

UNCONSIDERED TRIFLES.

Headquarters A pillow.

A bird on a bonnet is worth two on toast.

The lamplighter has bright prospects before him.

A masked ball weeping behind your handkerchief.

A man is known by the company he declines to keep.

My son, emulate the mule; it is backward in deeds of violence.

When you bury an old animosity never mind putting up a tombstone.

The little lambs in the Stock Exchange have fleeces white as snow.

General Grant has at least one negative virtue he will not lecture.

"Yumarous Items" is what the Arizona *Citizen* heads its news from Yuma.

The newest thing in cardboad needlework is "God bless our happy flat."

An exchange predicts that there will be "celluloid pillow shams, next thing."

We'll have a solid north pretty soon, if Jack frost does what is expected of him.

Some women have been arrested in Kentcky for keeping still. It was an illicit still.

Boom when the moon is shining,
Boom when the sun is bright,
Boom at the day's declining,
Boom at the dead of night.

Lucy Larcom has compiled a book called "Breathings of the Better Life." It will be a solace for those afflicted with asthma.

His true love she was an old, old maid,
About forty years or so;
And he took his fiddle and gently played—
"Dora, me fossil lassie, do!"

We believe it has never been satisfactorily ascertained what becomes of all the pins. Similarly it will never be known what becomes of all the booms.

Professor Fawcett says: "The extraordinary increase now taking place in the quantity of food which Great Britain obtains from America must produce a great effect upon English agriculture. It seems certain that in future she will have to grow less of such products as wheat, which can be cheaply imported, and a greater portion of the land will have to be devoted to the production of milk, vegetables and other articles, the importation of which involves a greater cost." *N. Y. World.*

TRADE DIRECTORY

FIREWOOD.

I HAVE STARTED a wood yard on the corner of Platte and Wahsatch avenues, and shall be happy to receive orders. Order book at Hooker's grocery store. N. GARSTIN. 11 25 1m*

SAUSAGE FACTORY.

JACOB FREI, at his sausage factory, keeps constantly on hand the choicest sausages, made from the best of fresh meats. He also keeps good beef and pork for sale. Huerfano street, between Tejon street and Cascade avenue. 11 20 1m*

MEAT MARKETS.

THOMAS PREECE, at the Star Meat Market, keeps constantly on hand the choicest fresh and salt meats, and vegetables, which he sells at the lowest living prices. South Tejon street, opposite National Hotel.

DON'T FORGET to try Kettlewell, at the Red Front Meat Market, for the very best meats; and cheaper than any other house in the city. Best cuts at 12½ cents. 11 20 tf

PECK & FARRAR have opened a new market on the north side of Pike's Peak Avenue, where the best of everything in the market line will be kept, and sold at living prices. 9 23 tf

C. F. TODD, dealer in fresh meats of all kinds, of good quality and at prices to suit the times. Market on east side of Tejon street. Highest market price paid for fat cattle, calves, sheep, and all kinds of meats.

DOWNING & BRIGHAM, wholesale and retail dealers in Beef, Pork, Mutton, Game, Salt Meats, etc., City Market, Tejon street.

HOTEL AND RESTAURANT.

PASCOE'S HOTEL and Restaurant, Postoffice Block, Colorado Springs, Colorado. Rates $1.50 per day; board $5.00 a week. Strictly first-class. TOM PASCOE, Proprietor. 9 4tf

CONFECTIONERY.

PETER MARIANI, dealer in fresh candies of all kinds, California fruits, fine cigars, pop corn, nuts, lemonade, etc. Everything kept in a first class confectionery, always fresh and nice. Receives candies every week fresh from the manufacturer. Tejon St. 8 14 tf

BAKERY.

WM. BUSH, baker, confectioner and dealer in California fruits, ice cream, &c., Postoffice block.

FURNITURE & UNDERTAKING.

S. B. WESTERFIELD, Huerfano street, opposite GAZETTE office, dealer in furniture and undertakers' goods.

HARNESS MAKERS.

OSCAR HAFNER, manufacturer of harness, saddles, &c. Tejon street.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

S. DAVIS, D. D. S.

THE Preservation of the natural teeth a specialty. Office first door east of True & Suttons, up stairs.

SCHOOL FOR MUSIC.

PROFESSOR H. TH. WAGNER, formerly chief instructor at the Beethoven Conservatory. His method of private and class instruction affords a thorough musical education to everyone. West side of Tejon street, near Bijou. 11 30 1m*

Wm. J. Hardy. Jno. B. Murphey, Notary Public.

HARDY & MURPHEY,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.—Office in Room No. 1, Hull's Building, North Tejon street, Colorado Springs, Colorado. 11-15-1m*

J. C. HELM,

ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office opposite El Paso County Bank. 9 4tf.

DR. W. H. C. FOLSOM,

DENTIST.

OFFICE Rooms 10 and 12, Union Block. Anesthetics administered in extracting teeth. 9 21f.

F. A. LEE, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.—Office one door east of True & Sutton's. Residence in the Greenleaf House, Nevada avenue. 12-3-1m*

MRS. E. B. HOLMES.

HOMEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN. Office and residence west side of North Tejon street, three doors north of the Park. Diseases of women and children a speciality. 9 14tf.

C. M. KERBACH,

PROFESSIONAL NURSE.—Can be found on west side of Weber street and corner of Bijou. 12-4-1m*

SALE OF MINING STOCK.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Tuesday, the 6th day of January, 1880, at 3 o'clock p. m., I will offer for sale to the highest bidder for cash, at the Meat Market of Peck & Farrar, on Tejon street, in Colorado Springs, the following described mining property, viz: Forty-seven shares of stock in the Yankee Boy Mining Company, represented by certificates numbered from one to forty-seven inclusive; said sale to be made to cover default of assessments due to the company to the amount of $128.98, and interest at ten per cent. from July 15th, 1879, together with cost of advertising.

By order of the Trustees.

E. N. BARTLETT, Secretary.

12 5 10

W. LENNOX & BRO.,

PROPRIETORS OF

The Old Reliable Transfer Line

AND DEALERS IN

CANON CITY COAL.

Office at Coal Yard near freight depot. Order Books at the hardware stores of O. S. Fernes and Durkee & Lu

Stockholders' Meeting.

THE COLORADO COAL AND STEEL WORKS COMPANY.

Pursuant to a resolution of the Board of Directors notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the Stockholders of the Colorado Coal and Steel Works Company has been called and will be held at the principal office of said company in Colorado Springs, Colorado, on the 13th day of December, 1879, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the purpose of submitting to a vote of the stockholders of said company the question of consolidating said company with the Southern Colorado Coal and Town company, and the Central Colorado Improvement company, according to law, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Dated at Colorado Springs, Colorado, November 1st, 1879. W. A. BELL, Secretary.

11 8 4

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO, November 12th, 1879.

The stock transfer books of the Colorado Coal & Steel Works Company will be closed November 20th, 1879, and will remain closed until after the final adjournment of the stockholders' meeting to be held on the 13th day of December, 1879.

By order of the board of trustees.

W. A. BELL, Secretary.

11 12 tf

Stockholders' Meeting.

THE SOUTHERN COLORADO COAL AND TOWN COMPANY.

Pursuant to a resolution of the Board of Trustees notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the Stockholders of the Southern Colorado Coal and Town company, has been called and will be held at the principal office of said company in Colorado Springs, Colorado, on the 13th day of December, 1879, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of submitting to a vote of the Stockholders of said company the question of consolidating said company with the Colorado Coal and Steel Works company and the Central Colorado Improvement company according to law, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Dated at Colorado Springs, Colorado, November 1, 1879. W. B. GASKILL, Secretary.

11 8 4

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO, November 12th, 1879.

THE stock transfer books of The Southern Colorado Coal & Town Company will be closed November 20th, 1879, and will remain closed until after the final adjournment of the stockholders' meeting to be held on the 13th day of December, 1879.

By order of the board of trustees.

W. B. GASKILL, Secretary.

11 12 tf

Stockholders' Meeting.

THE CENTRAL COLORADO IMPROVEMENT COMPANY.

Pursuant to a resolution of the Board of Trustees notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the Stockholders of the Central Colorado Improvement company has been called and will be held at the principal office of said company in Colorado Springs, Colorado, on the 13th day of December, 1879, at twelve o'clock noon, for the purpose of submitting to a vote of the Stockholders of said company the question of consolidating said company with the Colorado Coal and Steel Works company and the Southern Colorado Coal and Town company according to law, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Dated at Colorado Springs, Colorado, November 1, 1879. W. B. GASKILL, Secretary.

11 8 4

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO, November 12, 1879.

THE stock transfer books of the Central Colorado Improvement Company will be closed November 20th, 1879, and will remain closed until after the final adjournment of the stockholders' meeting to be held on the 13th day of December, 1879.

By order of the board of trustees.

W. B. GASKILL, Secretary.

11 12 tf

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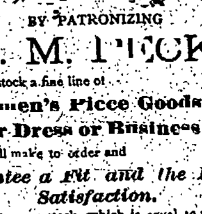

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